

UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thorounder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	G 01/01/06	AND ENDING1	2/31/06
	MM/DD/YY		MM/UD/YY
A. R	EGISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Commen	cebank Investment S	ervices, Inc.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF B	USINESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
220 Alhambra Circle, Pentho	ouse Floor	·	
	(No. and Street)	-	•
Coral Gables	Florida	331:	34
(City)	(State)	(Zi _j	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Raphael Vina, Financial & (RT (305)460-8628
	·	(A	rea Code - Telephone Number
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	T whose opinion is contained	in this Report*	· •
	(Name - if individual, state last	first, middle name)	i
1441 Brickell Avenue, Suite	2 1100, Miami	Florida	33131
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		P	ROCESSED
Certified Public Accountant			APR 1 1 2007
☐ Public Accountant		•	
Accountant not resident in U	Inited States or any of its pos	sessions.	THOMSON
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	<i></i>

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

, Raphael Vina	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial s Commercebank Investment Services	statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
December 31	
<u> </u>	20 <u>06</u> , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
either the company nor any partner, proprietor, princi	ipal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
lassified solely as that of a customer, except as follow	'S:
None	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	200
MADELINE MELENDEZ	
Notary Public - State of Florida Notary Public - State of Florida Notary Public - State of Florida	Signature
Commission # DD 281781 Bonded by National Notary Assn.	Financial & Operations Principal
, See and the second se	Title
Notary Public Notary Public	•
his report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c)' Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(a) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinal	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	•
ck (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Re	quirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Con-	trol Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	ation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
 (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unau consolidation. 	udited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods o
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	ound to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous au

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

To the Stockholder and Board of Directors of Commercebank Investment Services, Inc.

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In our opinion, the accompanying statements of financial condition and the related statements of operations, of changes in stockholder's equity and of cash flows present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (the "Company") (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N. A.) at December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those Standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

March 1, 2007

Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (A wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A.) Statements of Financial Condition December 31, 2006 and 2005

	2006		2005
Assets			;
Cash and due from banks	\$ 1,329,644	\$	2,307,599
Deposits with clearing broker	100,000		100,000
Receivable from clearing broker	631,020		373,800
Receivable from affiliates	. 138,734		242,656
Property and equipment, net	21,709		30,175
Other assets	 16,868		34,661
Total assets	\$ 2,237,975	\$	3,088,891
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity			
Payable to clearing broker	\$ _	\$	1,037,524
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	594,156		394,667
	594,156		1,432,191
Commitments (Note 5)			
Stockholder's equity:			1
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 10,000 shares authorized,			i
100 shares issued and outstanding	1		1
Additional paid in capital	2,999,999	٠.	2,999,999
Accumulated deficit	(1,356,181)		(1,343,300)
	 1,643,819		1,656,700
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 2,237,975	\$	3,088,891

Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (A wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A.) Statements of Operations For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

		l
	2006	2005
Revenues		İ
Commissions	\$ 2,420,559	\$ 1,395,979
Fees	1,141,413	
Interest and dividend income	37,783	1 '
Total revenues	3,599,755	2,373,236
Expenses		,
Employee compensation and benefits	2,600,402	1,909,635
Fees and services	503,034	431,495
Occupancy	132,768	132,766
Other	368,899	252,914
Total expenses	3,605,103	2,726,810
Loss before income taxes	(5,348) (353,574)
Income tax (expense) benefit	. (7,533) 131,275
Net loss	\$ (12,881) \$ (222,299)
	-	1

Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (A wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A.) Statements of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	Comn	non Stock		4	Additional Paid in	A	ccumulated	St	Total ockholder's
	Shares	Amou	nt	_	Capital		Deficit		Equity
Balance, December 31, 2004	100	\$	1	\$	1,999,999	\$	(1,121,001)	\$	 878,999
Contribution from parent	-		-		1,000,000		-		1,000,000
Net loss				_	-		(222,299)		(222,299)
Balance, December 31, 2005	100		1		2,999,999		(1,343,300)		1,656,700
Net loss			<u>-</u>				(12,881)	_	(12,881)
Balance, December 31, 2006	100	\$	1	\$	2,999,999	\$	(1,356,181)	\$	i 1,643,819

Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (A wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A.) Statements of Cash Flows
For the Years Ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	2006	20 05
Cash flows from operating activities		•
Net loss \$	(12,881) \$	(222,299)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash		· ·
from operating activities:		1
Depreciation	16,290	16,961
Change in operating assets and liabilities -		
Receivable from clearing broker	(257,220)	(95,800)
Receivable from affiliates	103,922	(119,822)
Other assets	17,793	(8,670)
Payable to clearing broker	(1,037,524)	1,037,524
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	199,489	66,644
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(970,131)	674,538
Cash flows from investing activities		1
Purchases of property and equipment	(7,824)	(22,296)
Net cash used in investing activities	(7,824)	(22,296)
Coch flows from flooring activities	• • •	
Cash flows from financing activities Contribution from parent		1,000,000
· ·		
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,000,000
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(977,955)	1,652,242
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,307,599	655,357
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$	1,329,644 \$	2,307,599

1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (the "Company") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A. (the "Bank"). The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD").

In July 2001, the Bank organized the Company with the purpose of providing broker-dealer services to its customers. The Company obtained approval to commence operation in May 2002. The Company's principal office is in Coral Gables, Florida.

The Company provides introductory brokerage and investment services primarily for customers of the Bank. The Company also provides its customers with transaction services. All security transactions are settled through a third party clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. Revenues derived from these services are recognized in the accompanying statements of operations. Custody of securities owned by customers of the Company is maintained by third parties.

The following is a description of the significant accounting policies and practices followed by the Company in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements. These policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fees

Fees from portfolio management services are recorded as earned based on a percentage of the average assets managed during the period. Investment advisory fees are received quarterly but are recognized as earned on a pro rata basis over the term of the contract.

Commissions

Commissions earned are related to the customer's trading volume and the dollar amounts of the trades. Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company classifies as cash equivalents highly liquid instruments with original maturities of ninety days or less.

Securities

Securities transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on trade date. Gains and losses arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis. Customers' securities and transactions are reported on a trade date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statements of financial condition.

Property and Equipment, net

Premises and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the remaining term of the lease. Repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred; renewals, betterments and interest during construction are capitalized.

Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amount of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. A valuation allowance is established against the deferred tax asset to the extent that management believes that it is more likely than not that any tax benefit will not be realized. Income tax expense or benefit is recognized on the periodic change in deferred tax assets and liabilities at the current statutory rates.

The Company's results of operations are included in the consolidated Federal and State income tax returns of its ultimate Parent. Under an intercompany income tax allocation policy, the Company accrues and pays its allocation of income taxes to its ultimate Parent, or accrues and receives payment from its ultimate Parent to the extent that tax benefits are realized.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 154 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections." This statement replaces Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 20 "Accounting Changes," and FASB Statement No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements" and changes the requirements for the accounting for and reporting of a change in accounting principles. SFAS No. 154 shall be effective for accounting changes and corrections of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. This Statement is not expected to impact the Company's financial operations in future periods.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the December 31, 2005 financial statements to conform to current year presentation.

2. Cash Segregated Under Federal Regulations

Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule") specifies certain conditions under which brokers and dealers carrying customer accounts are required to maintain cash or qualified securities in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers. Amounts to be maintained, if any, are computed in accordance with a formula defined in the Rule. The Company is exempt from the maintenance of such reserve accounts.

3. Property and equipment, net

Property and equipment, net consists of the following at December 31, 2006 and 2005:

	2006	-	2005	Estimated Useful Lives(in Years)
Furniture and equipment	\$ 7,180	\$	7,180	3 - 10
Computer equipment and software	73,511		65,687	3
Leasehold Improvements	 1,346		1,346	5 !
	 82,037		74,213	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (60,328)		(44,038)	
	\$ 21,709	\$	30,175	;

Depreciation expense was \$16,290 and \$16,961 for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

4. Payable to Clearing Broker

The amount payable to the clearing broker at December 31, 2005 of \$1,037,524, relates to securities sold, not yet purchased and is collateralized by a cash balance at the same date. In January 2006, this amount was fully repaid in cash.

5. Related Party Transactions

Included in the statements of financial condition are amounts due from/to related parties as follows:

	December 31,			
	2006	2005		
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from affiliates	\$ 87,071 138,734	\$ 120,641 242,656		
Total due from related parties	225,805	363,297		
Liabilities and stockholder's equity:				
Stockholder's equity	1,643,819	1,656,700		
Total due to related parties	1,643,819	1,656,700		
Net related party position	\$ (1,418,014)	\$ (1,293,403)		

The Company maintains some of its cash with the Bank. At times, such amounts may be in excess of the insured limits of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Related party transactions included in the Company's results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 are summarized as follows:

	2006		2005	
Revenues			1	
Fees	\$ 106,946	\$	110,900	
Expenses:			•	
NSF fees	665		288	
Rent expense	132,768		132,766	

During 2005, the Company received accounting and certain administrative services performed by affiliates at no charge.

6. Commitments

The Company occupies office premises under a non-cancellable operating lease agreement with the Bank that expires in December 2007. Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 amounted to \$132,768 and \$132,766, respectively. Future minimum lease payments under this agreement as of December 31, 2006 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	•		Amount
2007	•	\$	146,040
		\$	146,040

7. Employee Benefit Plan

The Company has a 401(k) benefit plan (the "Plan") covering substantially all of its employees.

Contributions by the Company to the Plan are based upon a fixed percentage of participants' salaries as defined by the Plan. In addition, employees with at least six months of service and who have reached the age of 21 may contribute a percentage of their salaries to the Plan as elected by each participant. The Company matches 100% of each participant's contribution up to a maximum of 5% of their annual salary. All contributions made by the Company to the participants' accounts vest incrementally in the second through completion of the sixth year of employment.

During 2006 and 2005, the Company contributed \$53,242 and \$43,190, respectively, to the 401(k) benefit plan in matching contributions.

8. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital as defined under such rule. At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$835,488, which was \$735,488 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. At December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company's percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 71.11% and 44.77%, respectively.

9. Financial Instruments

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The financial instruments of the Company are reported in the statement of financial condition at fair value, or at carrying amounts that approximate fair values because of the short maturity of the instruments. The Company's financial instruments at December 31, 2006 consisted primarily of receivables and payables from / to affiliates and third parties and accrued expenses.

Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet and Credit Risk

In the normal course of its business, the Company enters into transactions involving financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk. These financial instruments include elements of market risk in excess of the amounts recognized in the statements of financial condition. In addition, risks arise from the possible inability of counter-parties to meet the terms of their contracts.

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into securities transactions with other broker-dealers and customers, which can result in credit risk. To mitigate this risk, the Company has established credit review policies to monitor its transactions with, and balance transactions with, these broker-dealers and customers. In addition, the Company monitors the market value of collateral held and securities receivable from others. It is the policy of the Company to request and obtain additional collateral when an exposure to a significant loss exists.

The Company may be required, in the event of the non-delivery of customers' securities owed to the Company by other broker-dealers or by its customers, to purchase the securities in the open market to correct a failed settlement. These correction transactions to buy and sell may result in losses that are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

10. Income Taxes

The tax benefit of the Company's net operating losses has been utilized by the Bank. At December 31, 2006, the Company had a receivable from the Bank of approximately \$139,000 related to the use of the tax benefit recorded by the Company.

Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (A wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A.) Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission December 31, 2006

Schedule I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL	•		
Total stockholder's equity			\$ 1,643,819
Deductions and/or charges: Nonallowable assets: Property and equipment, net Other assets	\$	21,709 786,622	808,331
Haircuts on securities: Contractual securities commitments Undue concentration Total deductions and /or charges			 808,331
Net capital			\$ 835,488
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT Minimum net capital required		,	\$ 100,000
Excess of net capital		•	\$ 735,488
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS			
Items included in statement of financial condition: Accrued expenses and other liabilities			 594,156
Total aggregate indebtedness			\$ 594,156
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital			71.11%

No material differences exist between the above computation and the computation prepared by the Company and included in the Company's December 31, 2006 unaudited FOCUS Report filing dated March 1, 2007.

Commercebank Investment Services, Inc.
(A wholly-owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A.)
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission December 31, 2006

Schedule II

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to the provisions of subparagraph k(2)(ii).



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Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants on Internal Control Required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

To the Stockholder and Board of Directors of Commercebank Investment Services, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Commercebank Investment Services, Inc. (a wholly owned subsidiary of Commercebank, N.A.) (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures, that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the following:

- 1. The periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11); and
- 2. Determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; and
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

PRICEWATERHOUSE COPERS @

To the Stockholder and Board of Directors of Commercebank Investment Services, Inc.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first, second, and third paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 1, 2007

technic Cooper LLP

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